

A&B in SmartLM. CESGA Experience

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ESTABLISHED IN 1993 IN SANTIAGO DE COMPOSTELA (SPAIN)



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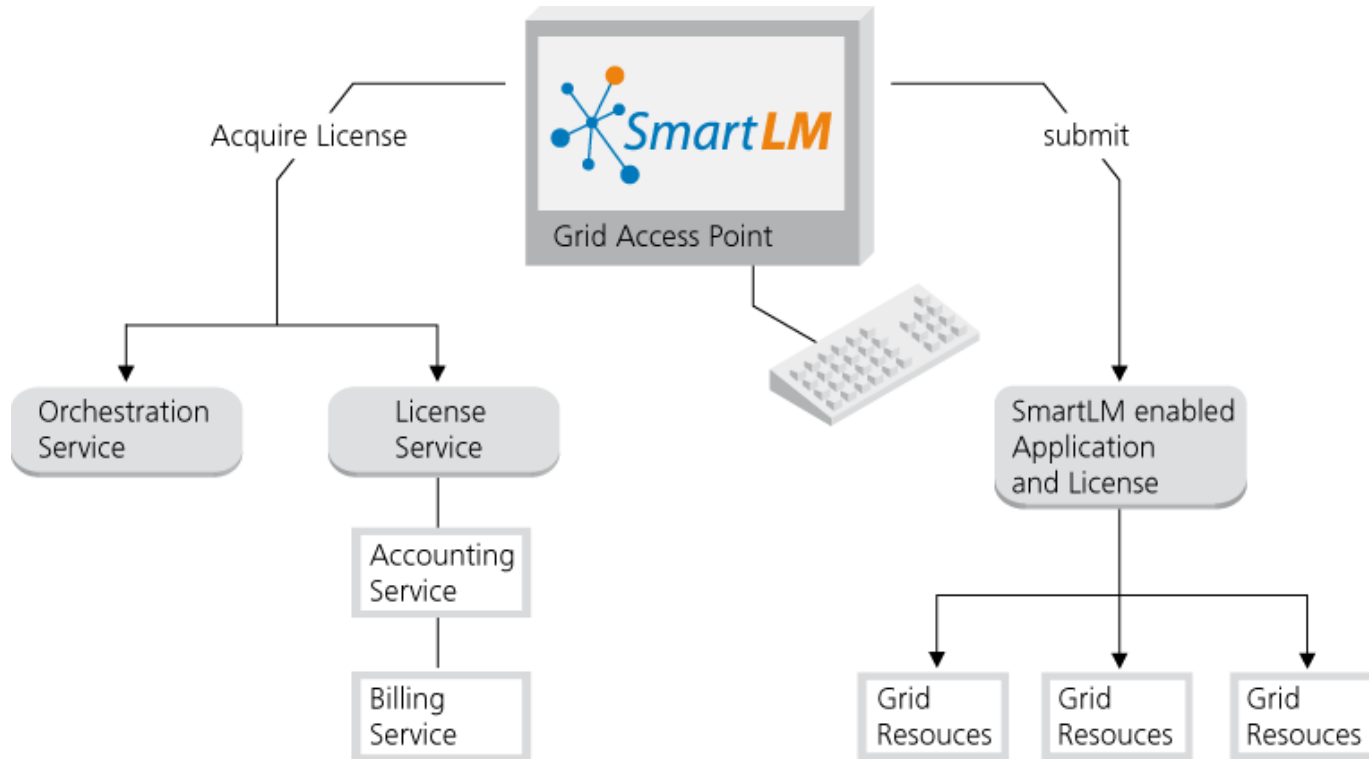
SANTIAGO DE COMPOSTELA



- To provide** high performance computing and communication resources and services to the scientific community of Galicia and to the National Research Council (CSIC), as well as, to institutions and enterprises with R&D activity.
- To promote** the use of new information and communication technologies applied to research within the scientific community of Galicia.
- To become** a consolidated RTD Centre of Excellence serving as international scientific and technological reference in the field of computing science and numerical simulation.

- Dynamic software licensing framework for multidomain environments
- Overcome the limitation of current license mechanism in SOA
- Based on standards: WS-Agreement
- **New business models** for ISVs, ASPs and Users
 - Suitable for distributed SOA and Grid environments
 - Satisfying the interest of the parties involved
- Support these business models in distributed environments
 - Secure, flexible, location independent license mechanism
 - Framework for Grid/SOA license management
- Different payment schemes (including **pay-per-use**)
- Aggregated Accounting & Billing for ISVs, ASPs and Users

Target Architecture



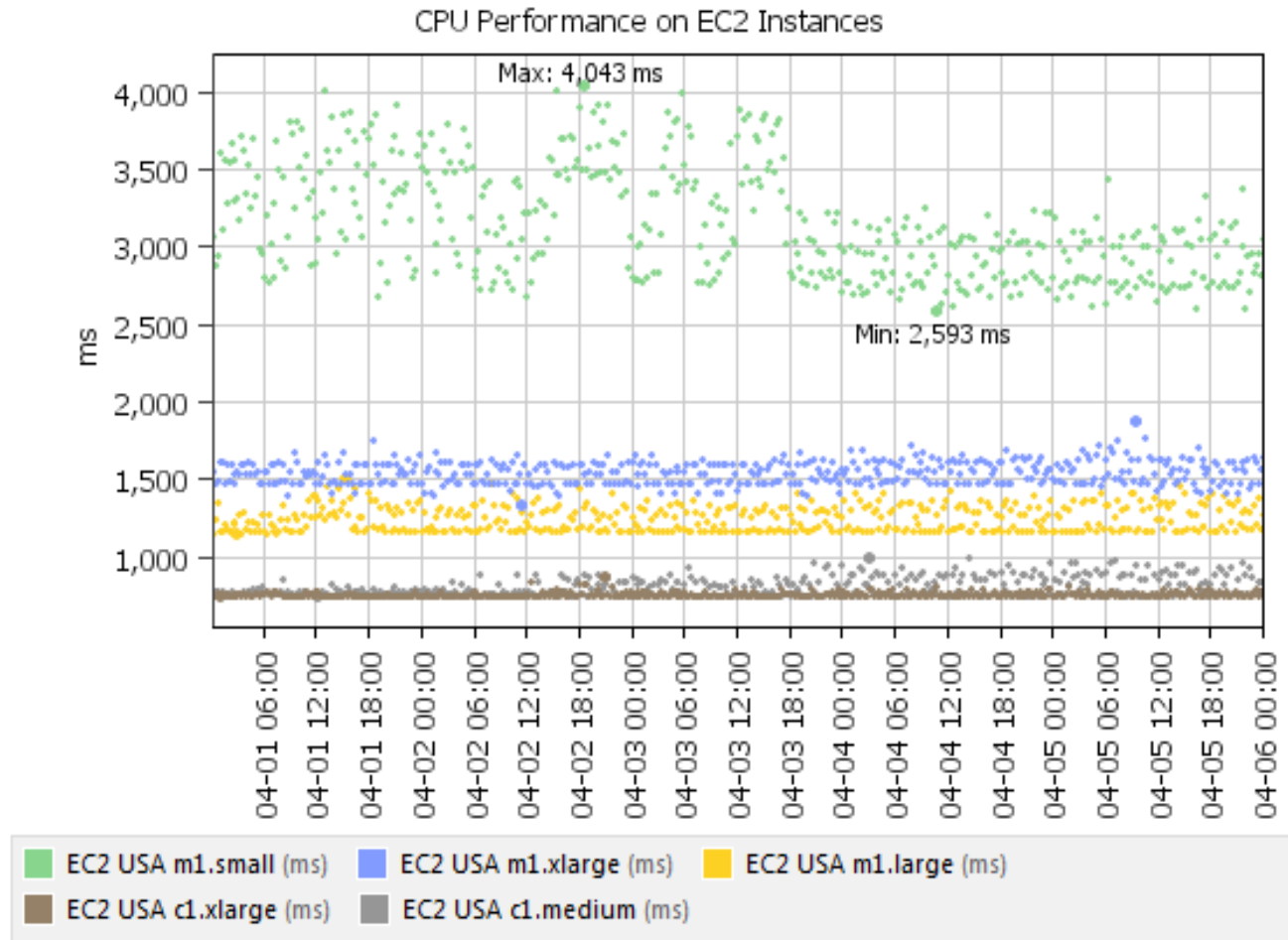
SmartLM's distributed architecture

- The SmartLM server should run on Virtual Machines
- At least in Vmware and Xen
- The server should be migrated on-the-fly
- The server must not be cloned
- The license token must not be cloned either

- Accounting & Billing for virtualized resources.
 - CPU Time is not a good measure unit
 - Different and heterogeneous hardware
 - Virtualization overhead (between 2 and 5% in HPC applications)
 - Several VMs sharing the same physical resource
 - Web Service Accounting is a research topic
 - Consolidated accounting and billing from many resources: network, CPU, Applications, etc.
 - Billing: Accounting + QoS + SLAs
- License Management in VEnvironment
 - License tokens can be cloned if VM is replicated
 - License servers can be cloned with VM
 - VM unique identifier? Hardware key (means, no migration)?

- **Above the clouds: A Berkeley View of Cloud Computing.** *Michael Armbrust et al.*, Technical Report Berkeley University, Feb 2009.
 - “*Application Software needs to both scale down rapidly as well scale up, which is a new requirement. Such software also needs a pay-for-use licensing model to match the needs of Cloud Computing*”
 - Top 10 Obstacles and Opportunities for Growth of Cloud Computing
 - 10th Obstacle: Software Licensing
 - 10th Opportunity: Pay-for-use licenses; Bulk use sales.

Cloud Performance



- Normalized CPU (EGEE)
- Microbenchmarks \Rightarrow not representative
- Features (number of iterations, calculus done, ...) \Rightarrow Application dependent
- Hardware Counters
 - Memory
 - I/O
 - CPU: Operations (flops, ints), branches, load/store
 - Communications (MPI)

$$IW = \Sigma \text{counters} * \alpha$$

being α a power consumption factor

- Not only Applications -> What about the the VM itself?
 - License should be taken into account during deploy process